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9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11	Western Division	
12	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	Case No. 2:16-cv-02594-TJH-FFM
13	COMMISSION,	PLAINTIFF SEC'S AND
14	Plaintiff,	RECEIVER'S JOINT STATUS REPORT
15	vs.	KEIOKI
16	PLCMGMT LLC, dba PROMETHEUS LAW, JAMES A. CATIPAY, and DAVID A.	
17	CATIPAY, and DAVID A. ALDRICH,	
18	TIEDICETI,	
19	Defendants.	
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I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

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Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filed its complaint against three defendants: PLCMGMT LLC, dba Prometheus Law ("Prometheus"), James A. Catipay ("Catipay"), and David A. Aldrich ("Aldrich") on April 15, 2016 (see Dkt. No. 1), asserting claims for violations of Sections 5(a) and (c) and 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e, q(a), and Sections 10(b) and 15(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 78i(b), 78o(1), and Exchange Act Rule 10b-5, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5. The same day that it filed the complaint, the SEC filed a motion for preliminary injunction, seeking appointment of a receiver, asset freezes and other ancillary relief. See Dkt. No. 7. On April 26, 2016, the Court permanently appointed receiver Thomas McNamara ("the "Receiver") over Prometheus by consent. See Dkt. No. 20. On May 27, 2016, the Court entered judgment against defendant Catipay, by his consent, providing injunctive relief. See Dkt. Nos. 37, 42. On December 7, 2017, the Court entered final judgment, including injunctive and monetary relief against defendant Catipay, following the SEC's motion. See Dkt. No. 107. On September 15, 2016, the Court entered final judgment against defendant Aldrich, by consent, for both injunctive and monetary relief. See Dkt. No. 70. Both of the individual defendants pled guilty in parallel criminal actions and were sentenced to jail time and monetary relief. See USA v. James Catipay, Case No. 3:16-cr-02453-JAH (S.D. Cal.) ("Catipay Dkt."), Dkt. Nos. 5-6, 12, 26; USA v. David Aldrich, Case No. 3:16-cr-02688-JAH (S.D Cal.) ("Aldrich Dkt."), Dkt. Nos. 4-5, 10, 21, 26.

On October 28, 2019, the SEC filed the Receiver's consent to injunctive relief on behalf of the sole remaining defendant, Prometheus. *See* Dkt. No. 126. The consent states that the monetary relief against the receivership entity, if any, will be determined by noticed motion. The judgment was entered by the Court on October 31, 2019. *See* Dkt. No. 128. With the entry of the consent judgment against Prometheus, the liability of all three defendants has now been resolved, as well as the

injunctive relief against all three defendants. The monetary relief against defendants Catipay and Aldrich has been previously determined by the Court, and thus the sole remaining issue to be determined in the litigation is the monetary relief, if any, against the receivership entity.

II. CURRENT STATUS OF THE ACTION

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As reflected in the numerous status reports filed by the Receiver, the most significant asset held by the Receivership Estate is its interest in a mass tort case portfolio, the cases for which were sourced with Prometheus investors' funds. For a long while, the primary remaining task of this receivership has been to wait for the resolution of the cases within this mass tort case portfolio. The Receiver has no control over the outcome of these cases as it is not a client of the law firm, Paglialunga & Harris ("P&H"), which is handling the portfolio; the Receivership Estate's sole interest in the outcome of these cases is its entitlement to a percentage of the fees collected by P&H as a result of the cases' resolution. Although the Receiver's ability to evaluate the dollar value of these cases has been limited (attorney-client privilege and confidentiality prevent P&H from disclosing much about the viability of its clients' claims), the Receiver has remained in contact with P&H and Sanders Phillips Grossman (the "Sanders Firm") throughout this process and has, at a high-level, been kept apprised of ongoing negotiations regarding the settlement of the Risperdal cases, which represent the vast majority of the cases within the portfolio.

Since the last joint report, the Receiver has continued to request updates from P&H on the settlement status of the Risperdal and other cases in the mass tort portfolio. Counsel for P&H, Jim Harris, recently reported that the Risperdal settlement is progressing with the help of the special master. A list of cases that will not qualify for the settlement has been generated and P&H is now working with the special master to allocate funds to the qualifying clients; once a sufficient number of clients have accepted the settlement offer, P&H will begin to receive its attorney's

fees from the settlement, out of which the Receivership will be paid. P&H estimates that rolling payments can begin to be made to the Receivership in 60 days. But this timeline should be taken with a grain of salt, as the time projections provided to date by Harris have proven to be overly optimistic. In addition, in this instance Harris has warned that due to the nature of the Risperdal client population (whose psychological conditions necessitated a Risperdal prescription in the first instance), the clients have tended to be uncooperative and difficult to locate, which could delay the settlement process. With regards to the small number of remaining non-Risperdal cases in the portfolio (of which there are 22, per P&H), more than three-quarters of the cases were referred to Girardi Keese and the Receiver has been informed that the remainder, which the Sanders Firm has been monitoring, are probably not viable.

P&H previously informed the Receiver that more than 120 cases in the mass tort portfolio had been referred to Girardi Keese before the firm's bankruptcy, the vast majority of them Risperdal cases (which have generally turned out to be of modest value in the settlements negotiated by P&H). Harris reports that he has continued to attempt to contact the bankruptcy trustee, but has received no updates on the cases. The Receiver does not expect this to change at any point in the near future, given the scale of the Girardi Keese bankruptcy, the criminal investigation of Thomas Girardi and others, and the small number of cases (relative to the scale of Girardi Keese's mass tort practice) that P&H assigned to the firm. If the remainder of the mass tort portfolio is resolved before the Girardi Keese bankruptcy, as the Receiver expects it to be, he will likely move the Court for permission to abandon the Receivership's interest in the cases so that the Receivership can be terminated and a final distribution made to the investors.

As previously reported to the Court, the Receiver has been engaged in efforts to sell the unsatisfied judgments from the clawback actions he brought against Prometheus sales agents and Catipay's family and friends, which total roughly \$2.3 million. *See McNamara v. Allen, et al.*, Case No. 2:17-cv-0285-TJH (FFMx), ECF

No. 96 (C.D. Cal. Apr. 26, 2019); McNamara v. Catipay, et al., Case No. 2:17-cv-1 04347-TJH (FFMx), ECF Nos. 46, 50, and 56 (C.D. Cal.); McNamara v. Palacio, 2 Case No. 2:18-ap-01056-VZ, ECF No. 24 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. July 13, 2018). 3 Unfortunately, there has been little to no interest in the portfolio of judgments. This 4 informed the Receiver's calculus when he decided to seek the Court's approval of a 5 settlement with one of the judgment debtors, Michael McNamara, in a motion filed 6 7 with the Court on March 15, 2022. See ECF No. 167. The Receiver will continue to 8 market the remaining unsatisfied judgments, but he is not optimistic that the 9 judgments can be sold for anything approaching their on-paper value. Among the SEC's considerations in seeking monetary relief is the status of 10 monies returned to investors, as compared with the amounts of investor losses. Given 11 12 that the amounts returnable to investors through the receivership remain to be 13 determined, the SEC anticipates awaiting further distributions prior to determining whether to seek any monetary relief against the receivership entity, or whether to 14 forego such relief based on the distributions made to investors through the 15 receivership. 16 Dated: March 16, 2022 17 18 /s/ Amy Jane Longo Amy Jane Longo 19 David M. Rosen 20 Attorneys for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission 21 22 /s/Logan D. Smith 23 Logan D. Smith 24 Attorneys for Thomas W. McNamara, Receiver 25 26 27

LOCAL RULE 5-4.3.4(a)(2)(i) CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to L.R. 5-4.3.4(a)(2)(i), I, Amy Jane Longo, attest that all signatories identified above, and on whose behalf the filing is submitted, concur in the filing's content and have authorized the filing.

/s/ Amy Jane Longo
Amy Jane Longo

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is: 2 U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, 3 444 S. Flower Street, Suite 900, Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone No. (323) 965-3998; Facsimile No. (213) 443-1904. 4 5 On March 16, 2022, I caused to be served the document entitled PLAINTIFF SEC'S AND RECEÍVER'S JOINT STATUS REPORT on all the parties to this action addressed as stated on the attached service list: 6 OFFICE MAIL: By placing in sealed envelope(s), which I placed for collection and mailing today following ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this agency's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing; such correspondence would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on 7 the same day in the ordinary course of business. 9 PERSONAL DEPOSIT IN MAIL: By placing in sealed envelope(s), which I personally deposited with the U.S. Postal Service. Each such envelope was 10 deposited with the U.S. Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, with first class 11 postage thereon fully prepaid. 12 **EXPRESS U.S. MAIL:** Each such envelope was deposited in a facility 13 regularly maintained at the U.S. Postal Service for receipt of Express Mail at Los Angeles, California, with Express Mail postage paid. 14 **HAND DELIVERY:** I caused to be hand delivered each such envelope to the office of the addressee as stated on the attached service list. 15 UNITED PARCEL SERVICE: By placing in sealed envelope(s) designated by United Parcel Service ("UPS") with delivery fees paid or provided for, which I deposited in a facility regularly maintained by UPS or delivered to a UPS courier, at 16 17 Los Angeles, California. 18 **ELECTRONIC MAIL:** By transmitting the document by electronic mail to the electronic mail address as stated on the attached service list. 19 **E-FILING:** By causing the document to be electronically filed via the Court's 20 CM/ECF system, which effects electronic service on counsel who are registered with the CM/ECF system. 21 **FAX:** By transmitting the document by facsimile transmission. The 22 transmission was reported as complete and without error. 23 I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. 24 Date: March 16, 2022 /s/ Amy Jane Longo 25 Amy Jane Longo 26 27

SEC v. PLCMGMT LLC dba Prometheus Law, et al. United States District Court—Central District of California 1 2 Case No. 2:16-cv-02594-TJH-FFM LA-4552 3 4 **SERVICE LIST** 5 James Catipay (by electronic and U.S. mail) 6 4820 ½ McConnell Ave. Los Angeles, CA 90066 7 Email: james catipay@yahoo.com Pro Se 8 Scott Vick (by CM/ECF only) 9 Vick Law Group 800 West 6th Street, Suite 1220 10 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Email: scott@vicklawgroup.com 11 Attorney for Defendant David A. Aldrich 12 Logan D. Smith (by CM/ECF only) Andrew W. Robertson 13 **Edward Chang** McNamara Smith LLP 14 655 West Broadway, Suite 1600 San Diego, CA 92101 15 Email: lsmith@mcnamarallp.com Email: arobertson@mcnamarallp.com 16 Email: echang@mcnamarallp.com
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